



# Arran-Elderslie Council Briefing

## Community Engagement Strategy – Wards or At-Large Representation

January 27, 2024

# Agenda

1. Introductions
2. Project Overview and Objectives
3. Community Engagement – What is it?
4. Existing Council Structure
5. Legislative Framework
6. Wards or At-Large
7. Community Consultation Process

# About Us

- Clerks on Call is a municipal management consulting team, offering a range of specialized municipal governance and administration services, including:
  - virtual and onsite facilitator-led training for Councils and Staff
  - community engagement
  - policy and by-law reviews
  - mentoring/coaching for municipal Clerks and CAOs
- Consultant Team:
  - Michelle Smibert
  - Michelle Casavecchia-Somers



# Project Overview & Objectives

# Project Overview

- Undertake a community engagement strategy to enable the Council to make decisions about whether to maintain the existing ward structure or to adopt an alternative at-large arrangement.
- Develop and conduct an appropriate public consultation process in accordance with municipality's existing public engagement practices
- Allow the public to offer their perspectives on the present ward system and the alternative at-large system
- Prepare a report that will provide context for the 'preferred' electoral system for Arran-Elderslie

# Project Objectives

## Objective:

- To engage the community in determining their 'preferred' electoral structure -- wards or at-large elections.

## Key Question:

- *Should future municipal elections be conducted using a ward-based or at-large system?*

## Importance:

- Ensures community support for the project outcome.
- Ensures future representation aligns with community needs and values.
- Promotes transparency and trust in the electoral process.

# Community Engagement – What is it?

# Community Engagement

- Community engagement is the process of involving individuals, organizations, and groups from a specific community in dialogue, decision-making, and action to address shared challenges, goals, or interests.



# Why Engage the Community?

- Community engagement is fundamental to creating inclusive and effective strategies.
- It helps ensure that initiatives are tailored to the needs and wants of the people they serve.

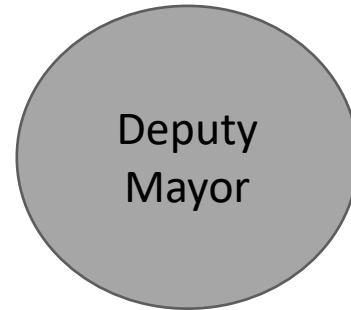
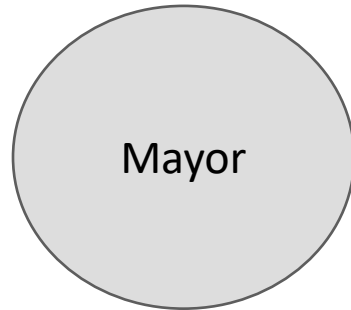
# Community Engagement - Benefits

- Builds trust and transparency and strengthens relationships between stakeholders.
- Encourages informed decision-making by incorporating diverse perspectives.
- Increases the relevance and effectiveness of policies, programs, or projects.
- Fosters a sense of belonging and shared responsibility within the community.
- Promotes sustainable and long-lasting outcomes.

# Existing Council Structure

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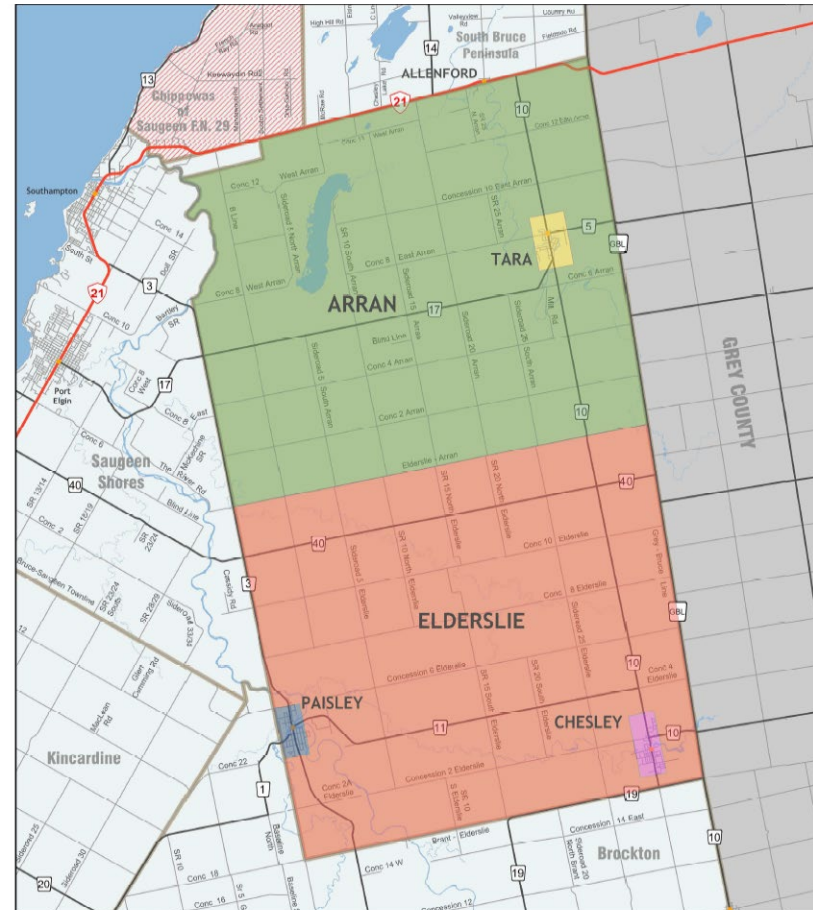
## 7 Council Members



- Mayor and Deputy are elected at large
- 5 Councillors are elected by ward

# Existing Ward Configuration

- 5 ward structure
- based on historical municipal boundaries



# Legislative Framework

# Legislative Framework

**Ontario's *Municipal Act, 2001* authorizes a lower-tier municipality to:**

- define the size of the Council
- determine how Council (other than the Mayor) will be elected – wards or general vote (at-large)
- “divide or re-divide the municipality into wards or dissolve the existing wards”

# Legislative Framework

**No stipulated schedule, standardized process or established criteria exist for electoral reviews in Ontario**

- Each municipality must set its own terms, parameters, guiding principles, etc. to establish an electoral system appropriate for the community.
- Any changes must be made before the end of 2025 to be in effect for the 2026 municipal election



# Representation Models - Wards/At-large

# Representation Models

## Ward-based Representation:

Council members are elected to specific geographic districts, representing the interests of the people in that ward.

## At-Large Representation:

Council members are elected by all voters in the municipality, representing the community as a whole.

# Community Consultation Process

# Community Consultation – Principles

## **Inclusivity/Accessibility**

- Ensuring consultation processes are easy to access for everyone, regardless of physical, economic, or social barriers; and that all voices are heard.

## **Transparency/Clarity of Purpose**

- Clearly define the objectives of the consultation and ensure participants understand what is being asked of them.

## **Respect**

- Value all contributions and create a safe environment where participants feel comfortable sharing their opinions.

## **Accountability**

- Demonstrate how community input has been considered and incorporated into decisions.

## **Collaboration**

- Working together with the community to co-create solutions.

# Consultation Goals

- Educate the public about the differences between ward and at-large systems.
- Collect data to understand public preferences through surveys, open houses, and discussions.
- Ensure equitable participation from all community segments.
- Build consensus on the most suitable electoral structure.

# Stakeholder Identification

## Who to Engage:

- Residents
- Community organizations
- Advocacy groups
- Business leaders
- Council Members

## Why:

- Tailored outreach ensures diverse perspectives are included.

# Methods of Engagement

## Councillor Interviews

Targeted discussions with community leaders

Late Jan./Early Feb.

## Public Survey

Online and Paper Formats

Broad accessibility for feedback

Available from Feb. 1 until Feb. 28

## Facilitated Open Houses

Interactive forums for in-depth discussion

Paisley: Feb. 12 – 5-7 pm  
Tara: Feb. 13 – 3-5 pm  
Chesley: Feb. 13 – 6-8 pm

# Project Timeline

Project Kick-off – Council Briefing	January 27 (today)
Council Member Interviews	Late January/Early February
Survey Distribution	Runs from February 1 to February 28
Facilitated Open Houses	February 12 and 13
Data Analysis and Reporting	March/April
Presentation of Final Report	Late April/Early May



# Thank You

## Questions/Comments